

Voluntary Petition

(This page must be completed and filed in every case)

Name of Debtor(s):

FORM B1, Page 2

**Robert T. Donnelly and
Katherine M. Donnelly****Prior Bankruptcy Case Filed Within Last 6 Years (If more than one, attach additional sheet)**

Location Where Filed:

NONE

Case Number:

Date Filed:

Pending Bankruptcy Case Filed by any Spouse, Partner or Affiliate of this Debtor (If more than one, attach additional sheet)

Name of Debtor:

NONE

Case Number:

Date Filed:

District:

Relationship:

Judge:

Signatures**Signature(s) of Debtor(s) (Individual/Joint)**

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this petition is true and correct.

[If petitioner is an individual whose debts are primarily consumer debts and has chosen to file under chapter 7] I am aware that I may proceed under chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code, understand the relief available under each such chapter, and choose to proceed under chapter 7.

I request relief in accordance with the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition.

X /s/ Robert T. Donnelly

Signature of Debtor

X /s/ Katherine M. Donnelly

Signature of Joint Debtor

Telephone Number (If not represented by attorney)

10/13/05

Date

Exhibit A

(To be completed if debtor is required to file periodic reports (e.g., forms 10K and 10Q) with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is requesting relief under Chapter 11)

☐ Exhibit A is attached and made a part of this petition**Exhibit B**

(To be completed if debtor is an individual whose debts are primarily consumer debts)

I, the attorney for the petitioner named in the foregoing petition, declare that I have informed the petitioner that [he or she] may proceed under chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code, and have explained the relief available under each such chapter.

X /s/ John A. Reed**10/13/05**

Signature of Attorney for Debtor(s)

Date

Exhibit C

Does the debtor own or have possession of any property that poses or is alleged to pose a threat of imminent and identifiable harm to public health and safety?

☐ Yes, and exhibit C is attached and made a part of this petition.
☒ No**Signature of Attorney****X /s/ John A. Reed**

Signature of Attorney for Debtor(s)

John A. Reed 02299909

Printed Name of Attorney for Debtor(s)

John A. Reed Ltd.

Firm Name

63 W. Jefferson Street # 200

Address

Joliet IL 60432**815/726-9100**

Telephone Number

10/13/05

Date

Signature of Non-Attorney Petition Preparer

I certify that I am a bankruptcy petition preparer as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 110, that I prepared this document for compensation, and that I have provided the debtor with a copy of this document.

Printed Name of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Social Security Number

Address

Names and Social Security numbers of all other individuals who prepared or assisted in preparing this document:

If more than one person prepared this document, attach additional sheets conforming to the appropriate official form for each person.

Signature of Debtor (Corporation/Partnership)

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this petition is true and correct, and that I have been authorized to file this petition on behalf of the debtor.

The debtor requests relief in accordance with the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition.

X

Signature of Authorized Individual

Printed Name of Authorized Individual

Title of Authorized Individual

Date

X

Signature of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Date

A bankruptcy petition preparer's failure to comply with the provisions of title 11 and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure may result in fines or imprisonment or both 11 U.S.C. § 110; 18 U.S.C. § 156.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL CONSUMER DEBTOR

The purpose of this notice is to acquaint you with the four chapters of the federal Bankruptcy Code under which you may file a bankruptcy petition. The bankruptcy law is complicated and not easily described. Therefore, you should seek the advice of an attorney to learn of your rights and responsibilities under the law should you decide to file a petition with the court. Court employees are prohibited from giving you legal advice.

Chapter 7: Liquidation (\$155 filing fee plus \$39 administrative fee plus \$15 trustee surcharge)

1. Chapter 7 is designed for debtors in financial difficulty who do not have the ability to pay their existing debts.
2. Under chapter 7 a trustee takes possession of all your property. You may claim certain of your property as exempt under governing law. The trustee then liquidates the property and uses the proceeds to pay your creditors according to priorities of the Bankruptcy Code.
3. The purpose of filing a chapter 7 case is to obtain a discharge of your existing debts. If, however, you are found to have committed certain kinds of improper conduct described in the Bankruptcy Code, your discharge may be denied by the court, and the purpose for which you filed the bankruptcy petition will be defeated.
4. Even if you receive a discharge, there are some debts that are not discharged under the law. Therefore, you may still be responsible for such debts as certain taxes and student loans, alimony and support payments, criminal restitution, and debts for death or personal injury caused by driving while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs.
5. Under certain circumstances you may keep property that you have purchased subject to valid security interest. Your attorney can explain the options that are available to you.

Chapter 13: Repayment of All or Part of the Debts of an Individual with Regular Income (\$155 filing fee plus \$39 administrative fee)

1. Chapter 13 is designed for individuals with regular income who are temporarily unable to pay their debts but would like to pay them in installments over a period of time. You are only eligible for chapter 13 if your debts do not exceed certain dollar amounts set forth in the Bankruptcy Code.
2. Under chapter 13 you must file a plan with the court to repay your creditors all or part of the money that you owe them, using your future earnings. Usually, the period allowed by the court to repay your debts is three years, but no more than five years. Your plan must be approved by the court before it can take effect.
3. Under chapter 13, unlike chapter 7, you may keep all your property, both exempt and non-exempt, as long as you continue to make payments under the plan.
4. After completion of payments under the plan, your debts are discharged except alimony and support payments, student loans, certain debts including criminal fines and restitution and debts for death or personal injury caused by driving while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs, and long term secured obligations.

Chapter 11: Reorganization (\$800 filing fee plus \$39 administrative fee)

Chapter 11 is designed primarily for the reorganization of a business but is also available to consumer debtors. Its provisions are quite complicated, and any decision by an individual to file a chapter 11 petition should be reviewed with an attorney.

Chapter 12: Family farmer (\$200 filing fee plus \$39 administrative fee)

Chapter 12 is designed to permit family farmers to repay their debts over a period of time from future earnings and is in many ways similar to chapter 13. The eligibility requirements are restrictive, limiting its use to those whose income arises primarily from a family-owned farm.

I, the debtor, affirm that I have read this notice.

10/13/05

Date

/s/Robert T. Donnelly

Signature of Debtor

Case Number

10/13/05

Date

/s/Katherine M. Donnelly

Signature of Joint Debtor

DEBTOR COPY COURT COPY
(circle one)

STATEMENT OF INFORMATION REQUIRED BY 11 U.S.C. § 341

INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, the Office of the United States Trustee, United States Department of Justice, has prepared this information sheet to help you understand some of the possible consequences of filing a bankruptcy petition under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. This information is intended to make you aware of

- (1) the potential consequences of seeking a discharge in bankruptcy, including the effects on credit history;
- (2) the effect of receiving a discharge of debts;
- (3) the effect of reaffirming a debt; and
- (4) your ability to file a petition under a different chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

There are many other provisions of the Bankruptcy Code that may affect your situation. This information sheet contains only general principles of law and is not a substitute for legal advice. If you have questions or need further information as to how the bankruptcy laws apply to your specific case, you should consult with your lawyer.

WHAT IS A DISCHARGE?

The filing of a chapter 7 petition is designed to result in a discharge of most of the debts you listed on your bankruptcy schedules. A discharge is a court order that says you do not have to repay your debts, but there are a number of exceptions. Debts which may not be discharged in your chapter 7 case include, for example, most taxes, child support, alimony, and student loans; court-ordered fines and restitution; debts obtained through fraud or deception; and personal injury debts caused by driving while intoxicated or taking drugs. Your discharge may be denied entirely if you, for example, destroy or conceal property; destroy, conceal or falsify records; or make a false oath. Creditors cannot ask you to pay any debts which have been discharged. You can only receive a chapter 7 discharge once every six (6) years.

WHAT ARE THE POTENTIAL EFFECTS OF A DISCHARGE?

The fact that you filed bankruptcy can appear on your credit report for as long as 10 years. Thus, filing a bankruptcy petition may affect your ability to obtain credit in the future. Also, you may not be excused from repaying any debts that were not listed on your bankruptcy schedules or that you incurred after you filed bankruptcy.

WHAT ARE THE EFFECTS OF REAFFIRMING A DEBT?

After you file your petition, a creditor may ask you to reaffirm a certain debt or you may seek to do so on your own. Reaffirming a debt means that you sign and file with the court a legally enforceable document, which states that you promise to repay all or a portion of the debt that may otherwise have been discharged in your bankruptcy case. Reaffirmation agreements must generally be filed with the court within 60 days after the first meeting of creditors.

Reaffirmation agreements are strictly voluntary - they are not required by the Bankruptcy Code or other state or federal law. You can voluntarily repay any debt instead of signing a reaffirmation agreement, but there may be valid reasons for wanting to reaffirm a particular debt.

Reaffirmation agreements must not impose an undue burden on you or your dependents and must be in your best interest. If you decide to sign a reaffirmation agreement, you may cancel it at any time before the court issues your discharge order or within sixty (60) days after the reaffirmation agreement was filed with the court, whichever is later. If you reaffirm a debt and fail to make the payments required in the reaffirmation agreement, the creditor can take action against you to recover any property that was given as security for the loan and you may remain personally liable for any remaining debt.

OTHER BANKRUPTCY OPTIONS

You have a choice in deciding what chapter of the Bankruptcy Code will best suit your needs. Even if you have already filed for relief under chapter 7, you may be eligible to convert your case to a different chapter.

Chapter 7 is the liquidation chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Under chapter 7, a trustee is appointed to collect and sell, if economically feasible, all property you own that is not exempt from these actions.

Chapter 11 is the reorganization chapter most commonly used by businesses, but it is also available to individuals. Creditors vote on whether to accept or reject a plan, which also must be approved by the court. While the debtor normally remains in control of the assets, the court can order the appointment of a trustee to take possession and control of the business.

Chapter 12 offers bankruptcy relief to those who qualify as family farmers. Family farmers must propose a plan to repay their creditors over a three-to-five year period and it must be approved by the court. Plan payments are made through a chapter 12 trustee, who also monitors the debtors' farming operations during the pendency of the plan.

Finally, chapter 13 generally permits individuals to keep their property by repaying creditors out of their future income. Each chapter 13 debtor writes a plan which must be approved by the bankruptcy court. The debtor must pay the chapter 13 trustee the amounts set forth in their plan. Debtors receive a discharge after they complete their chapter 13 repayment plan. Chapter 13 is only available to individuals with regular income whose debts do not exceed \$1,077,000 (\$269,250 in unsecured debts and \$807,750 in secured debts).

AGAIN, PLEASE SPEAK TO YOUR LAWYER IF YOU NEED FURTHER INFORMATION OR EXPLANATION, INCLUDING HOW THE BANKRUPTCY LAWS RELATE TO YOUR SPECIFIC CASE.

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION**

In re *Robert T. Donnelly*
and
Katherine M. Donnelly

Case No.
Chapter 7

_____/ Debtor

Attorney for Debtor: *John A. Reed*

VERIFICATION OF CREDITOR MATRIX

The above named Debtor(s) hereby verify that the attached list of creditors is true and correct to the best of our knowledge.

Date: _____

/s/ Robert T. Donnelly

Debtor

/s/ Katherine M. Donnelly

Joint Debtor

Robert T. Donnelly
205 N Brookshore Drive
Shorewood IL 60431

Citicards
P.O. Box 688906

Des Moines IA 50368

Kohls
P.O. Box 2983
Milwaukee WI 53201

Katherine M. Donnelly
205 N Brookshore Drive
Shorewood IL 60431

Citicards
P.O. Box 668906

Des Moines IA 50368

Marshall Fields
P.O. Box 94578
Cleveland OH 44101-4578

Harris Bank
Bankruptcy Department
3800 Golf Road # 300
Rolling Meadows IL 60008

Corporate America Family CU
2075 Big Timber Road
Elgin IL 60123

MBNA America
P.O. Box 15026
Wilmington DE 19850-5026

Option One Mortgage
3 Ada
Irvine CA 92618

Direct Merchants Bank
P.O. Box 21550
Tulsa OK 74121-1550

Millennium Bank
1140 Edwards Blvd
P.O. Box 4640
Edwards CO 81632

Washington Mutual Home Loan
2210 Enterprise Drive
P.O. Box 100500
Florence SC 29501-0500

Discover Card Services
P.O. Box 30395
Salt Lake City UT 84130-039

Nancy Henricksen
1314 Black Road
Joliet IL 60435

Will County Treasurer
302 N Chicago Street
Joliet IL 60432

Fashion Bug
P.O. Box 47599
San Antonio TX 78265

Old Navy
P.O. Box 530942
Atlanta GA 30353

Bank of America
P.O. Box 1390
Norfolk VA 23501-1390

Household Finance Company
2824 Plainfield Road
Joliet IL 60435

Shell Oil
P.O. Box 183018
Columbia OH 43218-3018

Carsons
P.O. Box 3608

Oak Brook IL 60522-3608

Individualized Bankcard Ser
P.O. Box 17183
Wilmington DE 19850

Target National Bank
P.O. Box 59317
Minneapolis MN 55459-0317

Citicards
P.O. Box 6345

The Lakes NV 88901-6345

J C Penney
P.O. Box 981131
El Paso TX 79998-

Victorias Secret
P.O. Box 659728
San Antonio TX 78265-9728

Wells Fargo Financial
135 South Weber Road
Bolingbrook IL 60490-1565

Wells Fargo Financial Bank
P.O. Box 98751
Las Vegas NV 89193

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION**

In re **Robert T. Donnelly**
and
Katherine M. Donnelly

Case No.
Chapter 7

_____/ Debtor
Attorney for Debtor: **John A. Reed**

STATEMENT PURSUANT TO RULE 2016(B)

The undersigned, pursuant to Rule 2016(b), Bankruptcy Rules, states that:

1. The undersigned is the attorney for the debtor(s) in this case.
2. The compensation paid or agreed to be paid by the debtor(s), to the undersigned is:
 - a) For legal services rendered or to be rendered in contemplation of and in connection with this case \$ 600.00
 - b) Prior to the filing of this statement, debtor(s) have paid \$ 600.00
 - c) The unpaid balance due and payable is \$ 0.00
3. \$ 209.00 of the filing fee in this case has been paid.
4. The Services rendered or to be rendered include the following:
 - a) Analysis of the financial situation, and rendering advice and assistance to the debtor(s) in determining whether to file a petition under title 11 of the United States Code.
 - b) Preparation and filing of the petition, schedules, statement of financial affairs and other documents required by the court.
 - c) Representation of the debtor(s) at the meeting of creditors.
5. The source of payments made by the debtor(s) to the undersigned was from earnings, wages and compensation for services performed, and
None other
6. The source of payments to be made by the debtor(s) to the undersigned for the unpaid balance remaining, if any, will be from earnings, wages and compensation for services performed, and
None other
7. The undersigned has received no transfer, assignment or pledge of property from debtor(s) except the following for the value stated:
None
8. The undersigned has not shared or agreed to share with any other entity, other than with members of undersigned's law firm, any compensation paid or to be paid except as follows:
None

Dated: 10/13/05

Respectfully submitted,

X/s/ John A. Reed
Attorney for Petitioner: **John A. Reed**
John A. Reed Ltd.
63 W. Jefferson Street # 200
Joliet IL 60432